Idaho outpaces the nation in job growth, but lags in average weekly wage growth.

Chart 1 shows Idaho's Nonfarm employment grew 2.1 percent between June 2003

1.5

1.0 0.5

0.0

*Preliminary Estimates

Nation

Chart 1

and June 2004 while the Boise MSA grew 3.9 percent, ahead of a national rate of 1.2 percent.

Chart 2 shows Manufacturing for the nation was down 0.8 percent while Idaho was down 1.9 percent. However, the Boise MSA grew 5.0 percent over the year. The reason for statewide reduction the in Manufacturing jobs is largely due to the downturn in the forest products and the food processing industries in Idaho, which are mostly located outside of the Boise MSA.

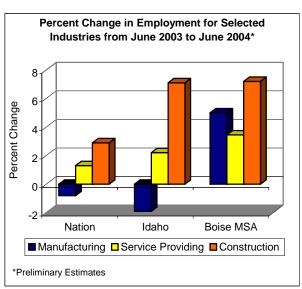
As Chart 2 also shows, Idaho's Service-Providing Industries and Construction Industry outpaced the nation in job growth. Idaho's Service-Providing Industries grew 2.2 percent over the year and the Boise MSA grew 3.5 percent, while the nation only grew 1.3 percent. Within the Service-Providing Industries, Education and Health Services, along with Professional and Business Services were the driving forces for Idaho and the Boise MSA. In Construction, Idaho grew 7.1 percent over the year and the Boise MSA grew 7.2 percent, while the nation only grew 2.9 percent.

Percent Change in Total Nonfarm Employment from June 2003 to June 2004* 4.0 3.5 Percent Change 3.0 2.5 2.0

Idaho

Boise MSA

Chart 2



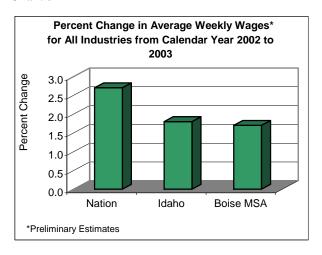
Although Idaho outpaced the nation in job growth, both statewide and in the Boise MSA, it lagged in average wage increases.

As Chart 3 shows, Idaho and the Boise MSA lagged behind the nation in average weekly wage gains for all industries for calendar year 2003. Idaho's average weekly

wages increased 1.8 percent and the Boise MSA increased 1.7 percent, while the Nation increased 2.7 percent.

As Charts 4 shows, the wage increases the state and the MSA have seen were driven by *Manufacturing*. The average weekly wages for *Manufacturing* in Idaho rose 3.3 percent and the Boise MSA rose 3.8 percent, above the national average of 2.8 percent. Idaho outpacing the nation in wage growth for *Manufacturing* is largely attributed to the high tech computer industries, the bulk of which

Chart 3



are in the Boise MSA. Chart 4 also shows that average weekly wages in the *Service-Providing Industries* in Idaho and the Boise MSA rose 2.2 percent and 2.4 percent respectively, keeping pace with the national average wage growth of 2.4 percent. However, Chart 4 also shows that Construction workers in Idaho and the Boise MSA did not realize wage increases in 2003, as did their counterparts throughout the nation. The average weekly wages for Construction workers in Idaho and the Boise MSA decreased

1.3 percent and 0.6 percent respectively, while the average weekly wages for the nation increased 1.2 percent.

Idaho's statewide job growth in the Service-Providing Industries and Construction, coupled with the strong growth in Manufacturing in the Boise MSA, have helped Idaho slightly outpace the nation in job growth. However, Idaho's average weekly wage increase from 2002 to 2003 have lagged behind the nation due to minimal average weekly wage increases in the Service-Providing Industries and average weekly wage decreases in Construction.

Chart 4

